### **OPERATOR'S MANUAL**

## HSF 1500W POWER SUPPLY

# SINGLE OUTPUT POWER SUPPLIES SINGLE PHASE, POWER FACTOR CORRECTED UNIVERSAL AC INPUT

KEPCO INC.
An ISO 9001 Company.

MODEL
HSF 1500W
POWER SUPPLY

ORDER NO.

REV. NO

#### **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

1) This manual is valid for the following Model and associated serial numbers:

MODEL SERIAL NO. REV. NO. HSF 1500W

- A Change Page may be included at the end of the manual. All applicable changes and revision number changes are documented with reference to the equipment serial numbers. Before using this Instruction Manual, check your equipment serial number to identify your model. If in doubt, contact your nearest Kepco Representative, or the Kepco Documentation Office in New York, (718) 461-7000, requesting the correct revision for your particular model and serial number.
- 3) The contents of this manual are protected by copyright. Reproduction of any part can be made only with the specific written permission of Kepco, Inc.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

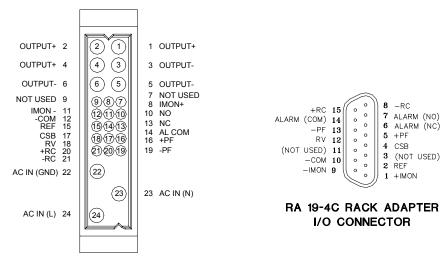
#### 1.1 SCOPE OF MANUAL

This Operator's Manual covers the installation and operation of the Kepco HSF 1500W Series of Switching Power Supplies. For service information, write directly to: Kepco Inc., 131-38 Sanford Avenue, Flushing, New York, 11352, U.S.A. Please state Model Designation and Serial Number of your HSF Power Supply. This information can be found on the nameplate of the unit.

#### 1.2 DESCRIPTION

The Kepco HSF1500 Watt Series are hot swappable, high frequency switching, plug-in power supplies. Two models may be selected for outputs of 24V (1200W) or 48V (1500W). They employ forward conversion and power factor correction and are designed to operate in a fault tolerant power system with a nominal a-c input of 100V a-c to 240V a-c (input voltage range 85 to 265 Va-c), 50-60 Hz (input frequency range 47-66Hz). A built-in current balancing circuit and OR-ing diodes allow configuration for hot-swap and parallel-redundant N+1 operation.

These power supplies are designed to be used with Kepco's Series RA 19-4C rack adapters. The RA 19-4C rack adapter accepts up to four 1200W (24V) OR 1500W (48V) modules. All input/output connections are through a 24-pin connector that plugs in to the rack adapter. All external connections described in the following paragraphs are made through the rack adapter's I/O connector (see Figure 1).



3042866 HSF REAR CONNECTOR

FIGURE 1. HSF REAR PANEL CONNECTOR AND RA 19-4C RACK ADAPTER I/O CONNECTOR

TABLE 1. HSF REAR CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENTS

Signal Name	Pin	Function	
Output +	1, 2, 4	DC output (+) applied to load.	
Output –	3, 5, 6	DC Output (–) applied to load.	
IMON+	8	Current Monitor+ (not used).	
NO	10	Normally Open contact of alarm relay, referenced to AL COM, pin 14 (see PAR. 3.7.2).	
IMON-	11	Current Monitor- (not used).	
-COM	12	-Signal Common provides return for REF, pin 15, and RV, pin 18, signals.	
NC	13	Normally Closed contact of alarm relay, referenced to AL COM, pin 14 (see PAR. 3.7.2).	
AL COM	14	Common contact of alarm relay (see PAR. 3.7.2).	

TABLE 1. HSF REAR CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENTS (CONTINUED)

Signal Name	Pin	Function
REF	15	Reference voltage. When used with RV, pin 18, allows all output voltages of paralleled slave supplies to be controlled by one voltage adjustment of a master power supply. When REF is connected to RV, the front panel Vadj control determines output voltage. Connections are made via DIP switches (see PAR. 3.1).
+PF	16	+Power Fail of open-collector alarm circuit. Used with –PF, pin 19 (see PAR. 3.7.2).
CSB	17	Current Share Bus - Used whenever several power supplies are connected in parallel (see PAR. 4.2.1).
RV	18	Remote Voltage - Used with REF, pin 15, for remotely controlling the output voltage (see PAR. 3.4.2)
–PF	19	-Power Fail of open-collector alarm circuit. Used with +PF, pin 16 (see PAR. 3.7.2).
+RC	20	+Remote On-off used with –RC, pin 21, to allow remote turn-on turn-off of the unit (see PAR. 3.5)
-RC	21	-Remote On-off used with +RC, pin 20, to allow remote turn-on turn-off of the unit (see PAR. 3.5)
GND	22	AC input ground
N	23	AC Input neutral
L	24	AC input line

#### 2. SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2 contains specifications and operating limits of individual HSF 1500W Series models. Table 3 contains specifications and operating limits common to all HSF 1500W Series Models. These specifications are at nominal input voltages at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

**TABLE 2. OUTPUT RATINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS** 

MODEL			HSF 24-50	HSF 48-32
Output Volts d-c (nominal)			24	48
	using 5K ohm Trimpot (Volts)		16.8-30.5	33.6-54.0
Adjustment Range	Using Voltage source (% of nominal)		70 - 130	70 - 115
	Voltage source range (Volts)		3.5 - 6.5	3.5 - 5.75
Output Current (nomi	nal) (Amps)		50	32
	85-132V a-c Input	Amps	37.5	18.7
Maximum Output Ratings <sup>(4)</sup>		Watts	900	897.6
(A,W)	170-265V a-c Input	Amps	50	32
(,)		Watts	1200	1536
Overcurrent Setting (Amps) <sup>(1)</sup>			55-65	33.6-36.8
Short Circuit Current (Amps)			70	45
OVP Setting (Volts) <sup>(2)</sup>			32-35	56-60
Efficiency	AC Input 100V		83	85
% typical	AC Input 200V		85	88
Power Factor	AC Input 100V		0.99	0.99
Power Factor	AC Input 200V		0.95	0.99
Ripple & Noise <sup>(3)</sup>	ripple		250	350
(mV, p-p)	ripple noise		350	450

<sup>(1)</sup> Square type. After cause is removed, output voltage restored automatically.

<sup>(2)</sup> When overvoltage is detected, output is shut OFF. Recovery is by removing power and reapplying power after approximately 30 seconds or by opening and reclosing the RC terminals.

<sup>(3)</sup> Ripple and noise levels above are satisfied when conditions are 0 to 100% load, 0 to 40°C (load is derated from 40 to 65°C, see Figure 2), and bandwidth </= 100MHz.

<sup>(4)</sup> See Figure 2 for power derating.

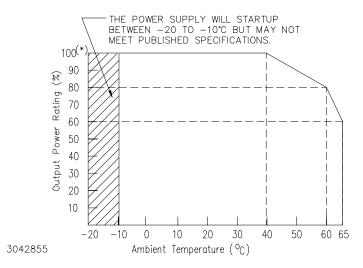


FIGURE 2. POWER RATING VS. TEMPERATURE

#### TABLE 3. POWER SUPPLY RATINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	SPECIFICATION	CONDITION/NOTES	
Input Voltage	Nominal: 100-120V a-c, 200-240V a-c Range: 85-264V a-c	(0 to 100% load, -10 to 40°C)	
Input Source Frequency	Nominal: 50-60 Hz, Range: 47-63 Hz	(0 to 100% load, -10 to 40°C)	
Input Current: (Maximum Load At	12A rms max.	100 - 120V a-c	
25°C with Nominal Output Voltage)	10A rms max. (8A rms max for 24V model)	200 - 240V a-c	
Switching Frequency	140KHz Forward Converter		
Input Protection	A limiting resistor in series with a resistor fuse (and thyristor circuit) reduces start-up surge. The internal power supply is protected against shorts by an input fuse. Fuse value 25.0A At 250 Volts		
Input Surge cold start, interval > 30	15A typ., 20A max. first surge	100 - 120V ac	
sec (First surge only, not including current flow into EMI filter)	30A typ., 40 max. first surge	200- 240 V ac	
Leakage Current:	0.30mA typ., 0.75mA max.	120V a-c, 60Hz per IEC 950 and UL1950	
	0.60mA typ., 0.75mA max.	240V a-c, 60Hz per IEC 950 and UL1950	
Power Factor	0.99 typical	100V a-c, max load, nominal output, per EN 61000-3-2	
	0.95 typical	200V a-c, max load, nominal output per EN 61000-3-2	
Transient Recovery excursion characteristic	±4% maximum	50% to 100% load,	
recovery time	1 ms maximum	transient time >50μsec	
Stabilization			
Source Effect (min - max)	±0.1% Typical, ±0.2% Maximum	85 to 132V a-c, 190 to 264V a-c	
Load Effect	±1.5% Typical, ±2.0% Maximum	0%-100% load change	
Temperature Effect	±0.5% Typical, ±1.0% Maximum	-10° to 40°C	
Combined Effect	±1.6% Typical, ±3.2% Maximum	Source, Load and Temperature	
Time Effect	0.2% Typical, 0.5% Maximum	(8 hours at 25°C)	
Start-up Time	300 msec Typical, 450 msec Maximum	100V a-c	
	250 msec Typical, 400 msec Maximum	200V a-c	

TABLE 3. POWER SUPPLY RATINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

CHARACTERISTIC	SPECIFICATION	CONDITION/NOTES	
Output Hold-up Time	10 msec Typical, 7 msec Minimum.	100V a-c	
	10 msec Typical, 7 msec Minimum.	200V a-c	
Overvoltage Protection	When the Power Supply goes into an overvoltage condition, the output is cut OFF. See PAR 3.6.1.		
Low Voltage Protection	If output falls to 60% of rated output for approximately 30 Seconds, the output is cut OFF. See PAR. 3.6.4.		
Remote Control ON/OFF:	±RC pins control on/off as follows: "High", 2.4V to 24V (or open), unit OFF- Fan Off; "Low", 0.0V to 0.4V (or closed), unit ON. Source current: 1.6mA maximum at low level Sink current: 1.0 mA maximum at high level.	Must be enabled by DIP switch positions 3 and 4 (see PAR. 3.5).	
Operating Temperature:	-10 to 40°C	(see Figure 2.)	
Startup Temperature	-10 to -20°C	(see Figure 2.)	
Storage Temperature:	-30°C to +75°C		
Withstanding voltage : (at 15-35°C	2000Va-c for 1 minute. Cutout current is 20mA	Between input and ground	
ambient, 10-85% relative humidity)	500Va-c for 1 minute. Cutout current is 100mA	Between output and ground	
	3000Va-c for 1 minute. Cutout current is 20mA	Between input and output terminal	
Insulation Resistance: (at 25°C, 65% relative humidity)	100 Megohms minimum (500Vdc)	Between output and ground, input and ground, and input and output,	
Humidity:	10% to 95% relative humidity, noncondensing, Wet Bulb temperature <35°C	operating and non-operating	
Vibration:	5-10 Hz., 10mm amplitude, 10-55 Hz., acceleration 64.3ft./s <sup>2</sup> (19.6M/s <sup>2</sup> ) (2g)	non-operating 1 hr. on each of 3 axes, sweep time 10 minutes	
Shock:	Acceleration: 643.5ft./s² (196.1M/s² ) (20g), Pulse Duration: 11ms ± 5 msec	(non-operating, 1/2 sine pulse, three shocks on each axis, Power Supply is fixed on its bottom side)	
Safety:	All units designed to meet UL1950, CSA Electrical Bulletin 22.2 No.950-95 (certified by UL), and TÜV Rheinland EN60950 (ambient temp. 50°C max.). Meets creepage and clearance requirements of DEN-AN Appendix A. HSF 1500W units are CE marked per the Low Voltage Directive (LVD), 73/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC.		
EMC Emission - Conducted:	Designed to meet FCC Class B, VCCI-Class B, Et	N55011-B, EN55022-B	
EMC Emission - Radiated:	Designed to meet FCC Class B, VCCI-Class B, Et	N55011-B, EN55022-B	
EMC Emission - Input harmonics current:	Designed to meet EN61000-3-2		
EMC Immunity	Designed to meet EN50082-2		
EMC Radiated susceptibility:	EN61000-4-3 level 3	normal operation	
EMC Conducted susceptibility:	EN61000-4-6 level 3	normal operation	
ESD:			
Electrical fast transient burst:	EN61000-4-4 level 3	normal operation	
Surge withstand:	EN61000-4-5, level 4	No damage	
Power Frequency Magnetic Field:	EN61000-4-8, level 4	normal operation	
Voltage dips interruptions and variations	EN61000-4-11 normal operation		
Dimensions:	5.22 in. (132.5 mm) x 4.288 in. (108.9 mm) x 16.86 in. (428.2 mm) (See Figure 3)		
Mounting:	Plug-in		
Cooling:	Forced air flow - fan		
Frame Material/Cover Material:	Steel		
Weight	9 lbs, 4.1Kgs. maximum		

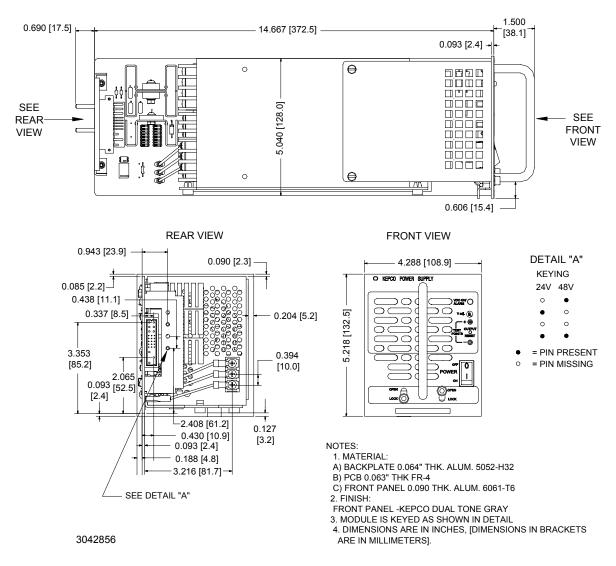


FIGURE 3. MECHANICAL OUTLINE DRAWING OF THE HSF 1500W POWER SUPPLY

#### 3. FEATURES

#### 3.1 DIP SWITCH CONFIGURATION

The HSF 1500W Series incorporates two DIP switches, SW1 and SW2 (see Figure 4), which must be configured before the unit is installed in the rack adapter. The DIP switches control the following parameters:

- Positions 1, 2, and 7 allow the output to be controlled either by the front panel Vadj control (see PAR. 3.4.1) or by remote control using either an external trimpot or voltage source (see PAR. 3.4.2). These positions can also be configured to allow a master/slave combination to be controlled either by the front panel Vadj control or by remote control using either an external trimpot or voltage source (see PAR 4.2.2)
- Positions 3 and 4 either allow the front panel reset button to be used to reset the unit

after a fault or allow Remote on-off via mechanical switch or logic level (see PAR. 3.5) -

- Positions 5 and 6 allows alarm signals to be produced from either internal relay, Form C contacts (one NO, one NC) or open-collector logical alarm signals (see PAR. 3.7.2).
- Position 8 of SW1 either disables (default) or enables the visual alarm indication (see PAR. 3.7.1).

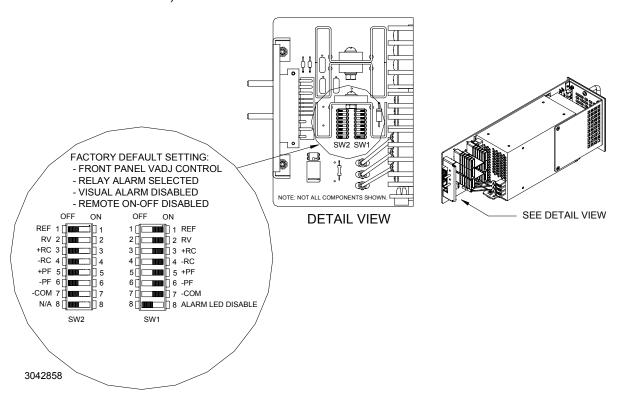


FIGURE 4. DIP SWITCH CONFIGURATION

#### 3.2 FRONT PANEL ACCESS.

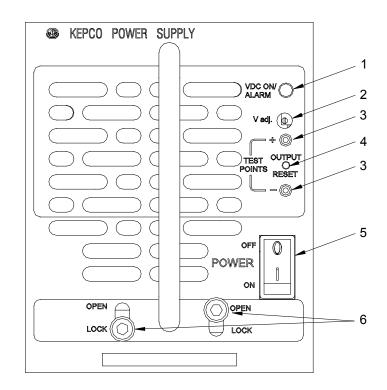
The front panel provides a power ON/OFF switch controlling input power and a "VDC ON" indicator which lights green when the unit is operating. If the unit is connected in a parallel configuration, the indicator lights red if the unit shuts off automatically, or the POWER switch is set to OFF.

NOTE: The ON/OFF switch must be set to OFF before removing unit from rack adapter.

If remote on-off is not enabled (see PAR. 3.5), the OUTPUT RESET button restores output power in the event that overcurrent or overvoltage protection has tripped, or thermal overload or fan malfunction has occurred.

If remote voltage control (see PAR. 3.4.2) is not enabled, the front panel Vadj trimmer (see PAR. 3.4.1) provides adjustment of the output voltage within the limits specified in Table 1; test points are available at the front panel for monitoring the DC output.

Figure 5 shows the location of all operating controls, indicators and test points followed by an explanation of each.



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- 1. VDC ON/ALARM indicator. Lights green when unit is operating. When enabled by DIP switch configuration, lights red to indicate loss of output voltage in parallel configuration only (see PAR. 3.7.1).
- 2. V.ADJ Output voltage adjustment trimmer: Adjusts output voltage within limits specified in Table 2 (see PAR. 3.4.1). Not functional if remote voltage control is enabled (see PAR. 3.4.2).
- 3. DC output test points (+, -): Connect to voltmeter to monitor output voltage.
- 4. OUTPUT RESET switch. Used to recycle power in the event of an alarm condition (see PAR. 3.6). Not functional when remote on/off control is enabled (see PAR. 3.5).
- 5. POWER ON/OFF switch. Applies power to the unit. **NOTE: Power must be OFF before** unit is removed from the rack adapter.
- 6. Retaining Latches (2). Prevents inadvertent removal of unit from rack adapter (see PAR. 3.8)

FIGURE 5. FRONT PANEL CONTROLS, INDICATORS AND TEST POINTS

#### 3.3 KEYING

Keying of the HSF 1500W is established at the factory. The output voltage determines which key pins are installed (see Figure 3, Detail A). When the proper holes in the rack adapter are blocked by keying screws installed by the user, only a power supply of the correct voltage can be inserted in the rack adapter slot. Refer to the RA 19-4C Manual for rack adapter keying instructions.

#### 3.4 OUTPUT VOLTAGE CONTROL

Output Voltage can be controlled from either the front panel (PAR. 3.4.1) or externally using a trimpot or voltage source (PAR. 3.4.2).

#### 3.4.1 FRONT PANEL VOLTAGE CONTROL

Output voltage can be manually adjusted with the voltage adjustment control, Vadj (see Figure 5 for location) when DIP switches SW1 and SW2 (see Figure 4 for location) are configured as shown in Figure 6A (factory default) To adjust voltage, first place the unit under an operating load. Then monitor the (+) and (–) test points on the front panel with a precision voltmeter and turn the voltage control to the desired operating value. Refer to Table 1 for the recommended Adjustment Range of all the HSF 1500W Models.

#### 3.4.2 REMOTE VOLTAGE CONTROL

For remote voltage control, set positions 1, 2 and 7 as shown in Figure 6B. This removes control from the front panel Vadj control and allows the output voltage to be adjusted by either an external trimmer pot (resistance) or by an external variable voltage source connected across the rack adapter I/O connector pin 12 (RV, Remote Voltage) and pin 10 (–COM, Common) as shown in Figure 7. At the rack adapter I/O connector use a shielded wire 6.6 feet (2M) maximum in length, for connection of REF (pin 2), RV (pin 12), and –COM (pin 10) to the trimmer control or external voltage source.

NOTE: If remote voltage control is not implemented, the factory default for positions 1, 2 and 7 of DIP switches SW1 and SW2 must be restored (Figure 6A)..

It is possible that the overvoltage protection may be triggered if the output voltage is decreased to a low level very quickly when the power supply is at a low load condition.

RESISTANCE: Connect the external trimmer as shown in Figure 7A. Suggested value for the trimmer control is 5K ohms. Referring to Figure 7 (A), R = 5.6K Ohms provides an output voltage adjustment range of from 70 to 130%. for the 24V model. R = 7.5K Ohms provides an output voltage adjustment range of from 70 to 115% for the 48V model.

VOLTAGE. By adjusting an external 3.5 to 6.5V voltage source, the 24V model can be adjusted from 70 to 130% of the nominal output. By adjusting an external 3.5 to 5.75V voltage source, the 48V model can be adjusted from 70 to 115% of the nominal output. Connect the voltage source across the RV and –COM pins as shown in Figure 7B.

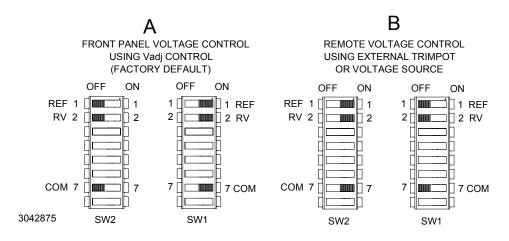


FIGURE 6. DIP SWITCH SETTINGS FOR CONTROL OF OUTPUT VOLTAGE

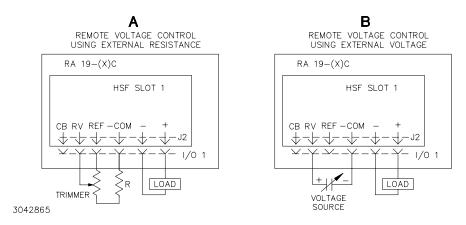


FIGURE 7. CONNECTIONS FOR REMOTE VOLTAGE CONTROL

#### 3.5 REMOTE ON-OFF

When power is ON at the source, the output may be turned ON or OFF using the ±RC signals if the remote ON-OFF feature is enabled. Note that when remote ON-OFF is enabled, the RESET OUTPUT switch does not function. Remote ON-OFF is enabled by setting DIP switch positions 3 and 4 as shown in Figure 8B. The +RC and –RC signals (at the rack adapter I/O connector, pins 15 and 8, respectively) then turn the unit on or off. These pins accept a logic level (2.4V to 24V "high" and 0.0 to 0.4V "low"), or a contact closure. When the ±RC pins are open, using either a mechanical switch or a high level logic signal, the HSF 1500W output is cut OFF. When the ±RC pins are shorted, the output returns to within specifications. At low level logic, the maximum source current is 1.6mA and at high level the sink current is 1.0mA. Positions 3 and 4 of both DIP switches must be restored to the factory default setting ( Figure 8A) if remote ON-OFF is not used. The ±RC pins are isolated from DC output pins.

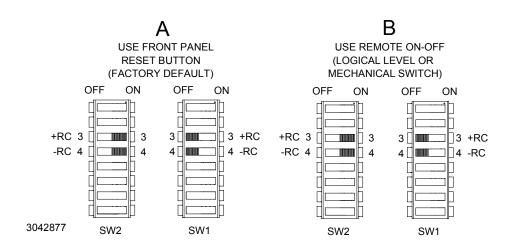


FIGURE 8. DIP SWITCH SETTINGS FOR USING RESET BUTTON OR REMOTE ON-OFF

#### 3.6 PROTECTION CIRCUITS

The following protection features are implemented in the HSF 1500W Series: overvoltage and overtemperature (PAR. 3.6.1), overcurrent (PAR. 3.6.2), fan failure (PAR. 3.6.3), and undervolt-

age (PAR. 3.6.4). The HSF 1500W Series provides a configurable visual alarm (see PAR. 3.7.1) as well as an option to use either relay contacts or logic levels for alarm signals (see PAR. 3.7.2)

#### 3.6.1 OVERVOLTAGE AND OVERTEMPERATURE PROTECTION

When the output voltage of the HSF 1500W Power Supply increases beyond the specified values (see Table 2), the output is cut OFF and the fan turns OFF. To restart (reset) the unit, press and release the OUTPUT RESET switch on the front panel or, if the remote on/off feature is in use (see PAR. 3.5), open connection between the RC pins and then reconnect the pins. The unit may also be restarted by turning the POWER ON/OFF switch to OFF, waiting 30 seconds, then setting the POWER switch to ON.

When the internal temperature of the HSF 1500W Power Supply increases beyond the specified values (see Table 2), the output is cut OFF and the fans turn OFF. The restart cycle (Power ON) should not begin until the temperature returns to within specifications. To restart (reset) the unit, set the POWER ON/OFF switch to OFF, wait 30 seconds, then set the POWER switch to ON. The power supply cannot be reset using the remote ON-OFF feature unless the power supply remains shut down for at least 30 seconds.

#### 3.6.2 OVERCURRENT SETTING AND PROTECTION

The output characteristic of the power supply is a square type, and the unit is set to produce an alarm (see PAR. 3.7.2) and shut down if output current exceeds specifications (see Table 2) for more than 30 seconds. After the cause of overcurrent is removed, the power supply output is automatically restored.

#### 3.6.3 FAN FAILURE

A cutoff of the fan supply voltage causes the output to shut down and the fans to turn OFF. Fan failure and all the other protection circuit operations produce an alarm (see PAR. 3.7.2). To restart (reset) the unit, press and release the OUTPUT RESET switch on the front panel or, if the remote on/off feature is in use (see PAR. 3.5), open the connection between the ±RC pins and then reconnect the pins. The unit may also be restarted by turning the POWER ON/OFF switch to OFF, waiting 30 seconds, then setting the POWER switch to ON. If fan rotation is out of specification the power supply will not recover.

#### 3.6.4 UNDERVOLTAGE

If the output voltage of the power supply falls below 70 percent of the nominal voltage an alarm occurs if the internal relay alarm (factory default, see PAR. 3.7.2.1) is enabled. If the output voltage of the power supply falls below 60 percent of the nominal voltage for 30 seconds, the unit turns off and an alarm occurs (either from the internal relay or optically-coupled alarm circuit, see PAR. 3.7.2). To restart (reset) the unit, press and release the OUTPUT RESET switch on the front panel or, if the remote on/off feature is in use (see PAR. 3.5), open the connection between the RC pins and then reconnect the pins. The unit may also be restarted by turning the POWER ON/ OFF switch to OFF, waiting 30 seconds, then setting the POWER switch to ON.

#### 3.7 ALARM SETTINGS

#### 3.7.1 VISUAL ALARM.

When the unit is connected in a parallel configuration, the front panel VDC ON/ALARM indicator can be configured to light red if the respective power supply output voltage is lost or if the POWER switch is set to OFF. This is enabled when DIP switch 1, position 8 set to ON. This can

be useful to indicate the loss of output voltage from one parallel-connected power supply that may not be readily apparent. The visual alarm is normally disabled: DIP switch SW1, position 8 set to OFF (factory default).

#### 3.7.2 ALARM SIGNALS.

Either of two options are available for signalling alarms: isolated relay contacts (factory default, PAR. 3.7.2.1) or logic level alarm signals ±PF (PAR. 3.7.2.2).

#### 3.7.2.1 INTERNAL ISOLATED RELAY ALARM

The first option, the factory default setting, uses an isolated internal relay offering normally closed (NC) and normally open (NO) contacts referenced to an isolated common (AL COM). These contacts may be used to configure "close on failure" or "open on failure" alarm circuits. (Refer to the Series RA 19-4C Manual for alarm configurations for multiple HSF power supplies.) Setting positions 5 and 6 of the DIP switches as shown in Figure 9A selects this option. The NC (pin 6 of the rack adapter I/O connector) and NO (pin 7) signals are referenced to Alarm common (pin 14).

#### 3.7.2.2 OPTICALLY-COUPLED LOGICAL ALARM

The second option uses optically-coupled logic level alarm signals (see PAR. 3.7.2.2), +PF (pin 5 of the rack adapter I/O connector) and -PF (pin 13), provided directly from the Kepco RKE power supply that is the heart of the HSF. This option is selected by setting positions 5 and 6 of the DIP switches as shown in Figure 9B.

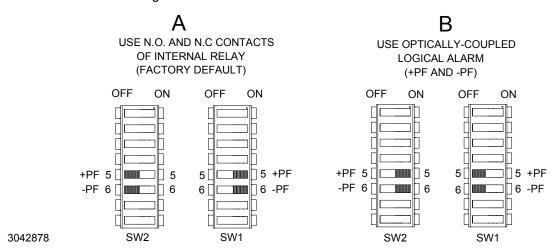


FIGURE 9. DIP SWITCH SETTINGS FOR OPTICALLY COUPLED LOGICAL ALARM

The logic alarm circuit is a diode transistor optical coupler (see Figure 10). The transistor is normally conducting. When the alarm is activated upon detection of power loss, overvoltage, fan fault, overtemperature or overcurrent condition, the transistor cuts off and the collector emitter circuit is open. Figure 11 is a timing diagram of the power fail signal.

The default state of the alarm is logic low. The sink current for the optocoupler is 50mA maximum, the maximum collector to emitter saturation voltage is 0.40 Volts, and the collector to emitter voltage is 40 volts maximum. The PF signals are isolated from the AC input and DC output.

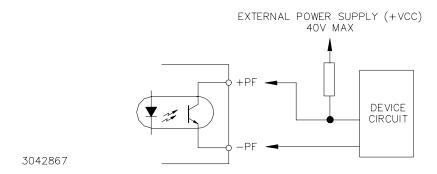


FIGURE 10. OUTPUT ALARM CIRCUIT OPTICALLY ISOLATED

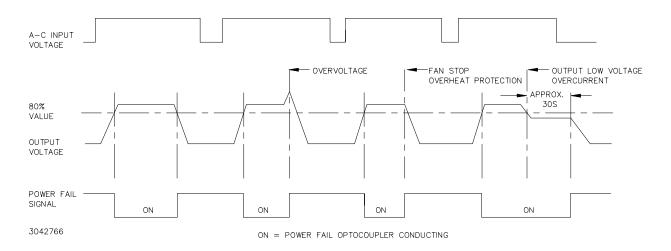


FIGURE 11. ±PF POWER FAILURE OPTOCOUPLER TIMING DIAGRAM

#### 3.8 RETAINING LATCHES

HSF 1500W series power supplies are provided with (2) retention latches located at each side of the bottom edge of the front panel (see Figure 5). These latches work in conjunction with the RA 19-4C rack adapters to prevent unauthorized or inadvertent module extraction from an operating power system. The latch is engaged by loosening the cap-head screw approximately 1/2 turn CCW (use 5/32" hex key) and sliding the latch down to the bottom of the slot, then retightening the cap-head screw CW until snug. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN! To release, follow the same procedure, except lift the latch to the top of the slot. Be sure to move the latch completely up or down to ensure full engagement and disengagement of the latching mechanism. When the HSP power supply is not installed in its plug-in rack adapter, it is recommended that the latch be secured in the open (up) position to prevent damage.

NOTE: Retaining latches must *not* be used to secure the HSF power supply in the rack adapter for shipping purposes.

#### 4. LOAD CONNECTION

All wire connections must be made at rear panel terminals of the RA 19-4C Rack Adapter. Refer to the Rack Adapter manual for details. Connect the load to (+) and (–) pins. See Figure 12 for the proper way to connect multiple loads.

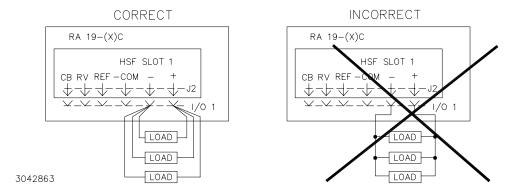


FIGURE 12. CORRECT AND INCORRECT METHODS OF LOAD CONNECTION

#### 4.1 USING ONE POWER SUPPLY TO CONTROL MULTIPLE POWER SUPPLIES

Figure 13 shows the connection of three power supplies each having an independent load. In this configuration the output voltage of all three power supplies is controlled by the Vadj control of one power supply and the current drawn by each power supply is determined by the respective load. Use shielded wire for connections to RV terminals.

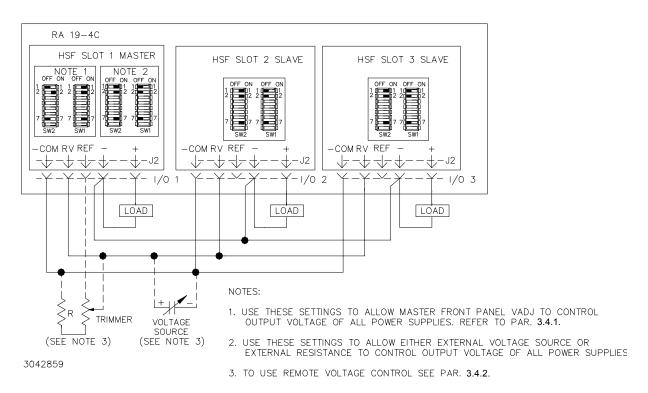


FIGURE 13. PARALLEL CONNECTION, MASTER-SLAVE, MULTIPLE LOADS

#### 4.2 PARALLEL CONNECTIONS

HSF 1500W Power Supplies can be connected in parallel (with or without N+1 redundancy). The impedance of the load wires between each power supply and load should be the same. When the unit is used in parallel redundant configurations, the module with the highest voltage functions as the master. The other units are slaves, and track the output voltage of the master.

Figure 14 illustrates connection of power supplies in parallel. DIP switches may be configured to control the output from either the front panel or by external programming of the output. Output current for a parallel connection operating into a single load is equalized by connecting the CB

terminals as shown. For a single remote ON-OFF signal to turn off all parallel-connected units, connect together all +RC lines (I/O pins and connect together all –RC terminals (see PAR. 3.5).

The current equalization with up to four HSF 1500W units in parallel should be within 20 to 90% of the total output current rating. The output voltage of any Power Supply individually must be within 2% maximum of the other power supply output voltage setting. The expected current sharing is such that the output current variation for each power supply is less than or equal to 10% of each power supply rated output current.

**N+1 Redundancy**. An N+1 system requires one additional power supply than necessary to supply the load. If one of the parallel-connected units fail, the others will continue to provide power to the load without down time.

#### 4.2.1 CURRENT BALANCING

When units are configured for N+1 parallel redundant operation, it is desirable for current to be divided equally among the paralleled supplies. When the CB (Current Balancing) lines of paralleled HSF units are connected together, the load current is forced to divide equally between all paralleled units. If one unit fails, the remaining units will continue to supply the load, and the load current will be divided equally among the remaining operating units. The failed unit is automatically isolated from the circuit by a built-in isolation diode.

For parallel operation (see Figures 14 or 15) the conditions for current equalization are:

<u>Maximum Voltage – Minimum Voltage</u> = 2% variation of output voltage in each power supply Rated Voltage

The maximum output current: Rated output current of each power supply x (number of power supplies) x (20 to 90 percent).

Variation of output current < ±10 % of each rated output current

To control the output from a single power supply without adjusting each one individually to within 2%, refer to PAR. 4.2.2 and Figure 14.

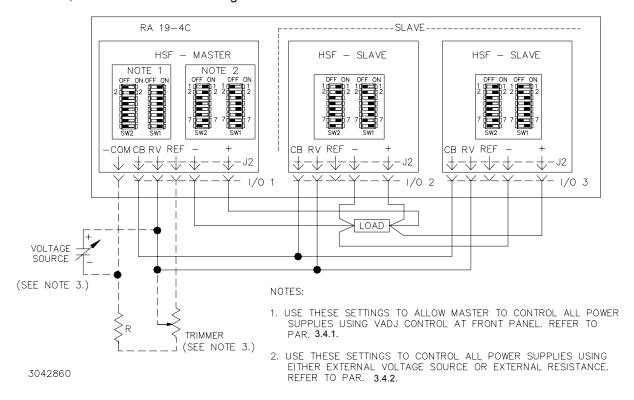


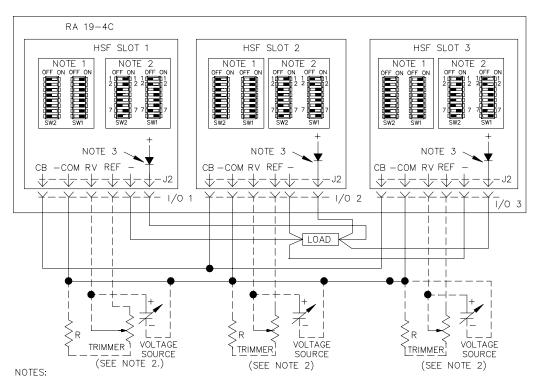
FIGURE 14. PARALLEL CONNECTION, MASTER-SLAVE, SINGLE LOAD, MASTER DETERMINED BY DIP SWITCH SETTING

#### 4.2.2 MASTER-SLAVE CONFIGURATIONS

Master-slave operation allows the output voltage of all the power supplies connected in parallel to be adjusted at the same time by using the Vadj control on the designated master power supply.

#### 4.2.2.1 USING PARALLEL CONNECTIONS TO SUPPLY BALANCED CURRENT TO A SINGLE LOAD

Figure 14 shows the connection of three power supplies in parallel to a single load where the master and slaves are determined by the DIP switch settings. The output voltage of all power supplies is controlled by the master. Figure 15 shows a similar configuration, except that the master is determined by whichever power supply has the highest voltage, and the output voltage of all three power supplies must be within 2% for current balancing to be in effect. Current balancing is implemented to equalize the load current (see PAR. 4.2.1). NOTE: Use shielded wire for connections to RV terminals. Match impedance of load wires between each power supply and load by using the same wire lengths and wire sizes.



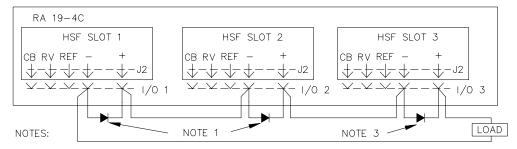
- 1. USE THESE SETTINGS TO CONTROL POWER SUPPLY USING FRONT PANEL VADJ CONTROL. REFER TO PAR. 3.4.1.
- 2. USE THESE SETTINGS TO CONTROL POWER SUPPLY USING EITHER EXTERNAL VOLTAGE SOURCE OR EXTERNAL RESISTANCE. REFER TO PAR. 3.4.2.
- 3. ISOLATION DIODES ARE PART OF HSF POWER SUPPLY.
- 4. UNIT WITH HIGHEST OUTPUT VOLTAGE BECOMES MASTER; CURRENT BALANCING MAINTAINED AS LONG AS OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF ALL SUPPLIES IS MAINTAINED WITHIN 2%.

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FIGURE 15. PARALLEL CONNECTION, MASTER-SLAVE, SINGLE LOAD, MASTER
DETERMINED BY HIGHEST OUTPUT VOLTAGE

#### 4.3 SERIES CONNECTION

Units may be connected in series to obtain higher voltages. When a number of power supplies are operating in series, the current rating is to be limited to the rating of the power supply with the lowest rating. Each Power Supply in series should be protected by a diode connected in parallel with the output as shown in Figure 16. The diode protects against reverse voltages. It should be rated for typically,  $V_{REVERSE} >/= 2$  x  $\Sigma V_{OUT}$  of the series connection,  $I_{FORWARD} >/= 1.5$  x  $I_{OUT}$  of the series connection).



- 1. PROTECTION DIODES REQUIRED.
- 2. EACH POWER SUPPLY OUTPUT VOLTAGE MAY BE CONTROLLED FROM THE FRONT PANEL OR BY USING AN EXTERNAL TRIMPOT OR VOLTAGE SOURCE. SEE PAR. 3.4.

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**FIGURE 16. SERIES CONNECTION** 

You must register your product to comply with the terms of the warranty. Either fill out the form below and mail or fax to Kepco, or for rapid on-line registration go to:

#### http://www.kepcopower.com/warranty.htm

PRODUCT PURCHASED:	REGISTER TO:
Model Number)	Registered by:
Serial Number	Company Name:
PURCHASE INFORMATION:	Street:
Date Purchased:	City:
Date Received:	State:
	Country:
REQUEST ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	Zip:
☐ Send complete Catalog	E-mail:
☐ Have Sales Engineer Call	FAX:
Contact via:	Phone:
WHAT INFLUENCED YOUR CHOICE OF THIS PC  Previous Experience (which Kepco Models do you have?)  Magazines (which ones?)	<ul> <li>Kepco Catalog or Brochure?</li> <li>Sales Representative?</li> <li>Web Site</li> <li>Other (please explain):</li> <li>What products would you like to see Kepco make?</li> </ul>
☐ Trade Shows (which ones?)	
	<u>CUT</u> HERE

# Kepco 5 Year Warranty

This is to certify that we, KEPCO, INC., (hereinafter called "Company"), Flushing, NY 11352 USA, warrants for a period of FIVE YEARS, this instrument known as:

MODEL:

SERIAL NO.

The Company's products are warranted for a period of five years from date of delivery to be free from defects in materials and workmanship and to conform to the specifications furnished or approved by the Company. Liability under this warranty shall be limited to the repair or replacement of any defective product at Company's option.

If any defect within this warranty appears within the warranty period, the Purchaser shall promptly notify the Company in writing. No material will be accepted for repair or replacement without written authorization of the Company.

Upon such authorization, and in accordance with instructions of the Company, parts or materials for which replacement is requested shall be returned to the Company for examination, with shipping charges prepaid by the Purchaser. Final determination as to whether a product is actually defective rests with the Company.

This warranty does not extend to any product which has been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, improper installation, or use in violation of instructions furnished by the Company. The warranty does not extend to, or apply to, any unit which has been repaired or altered outside of the Company's factory by persons not expressly approved by the Company.

THE WARRANTY HEREIN CONTAINED IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY.

#### THIS KEPCO PRODUCT IS WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS!

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